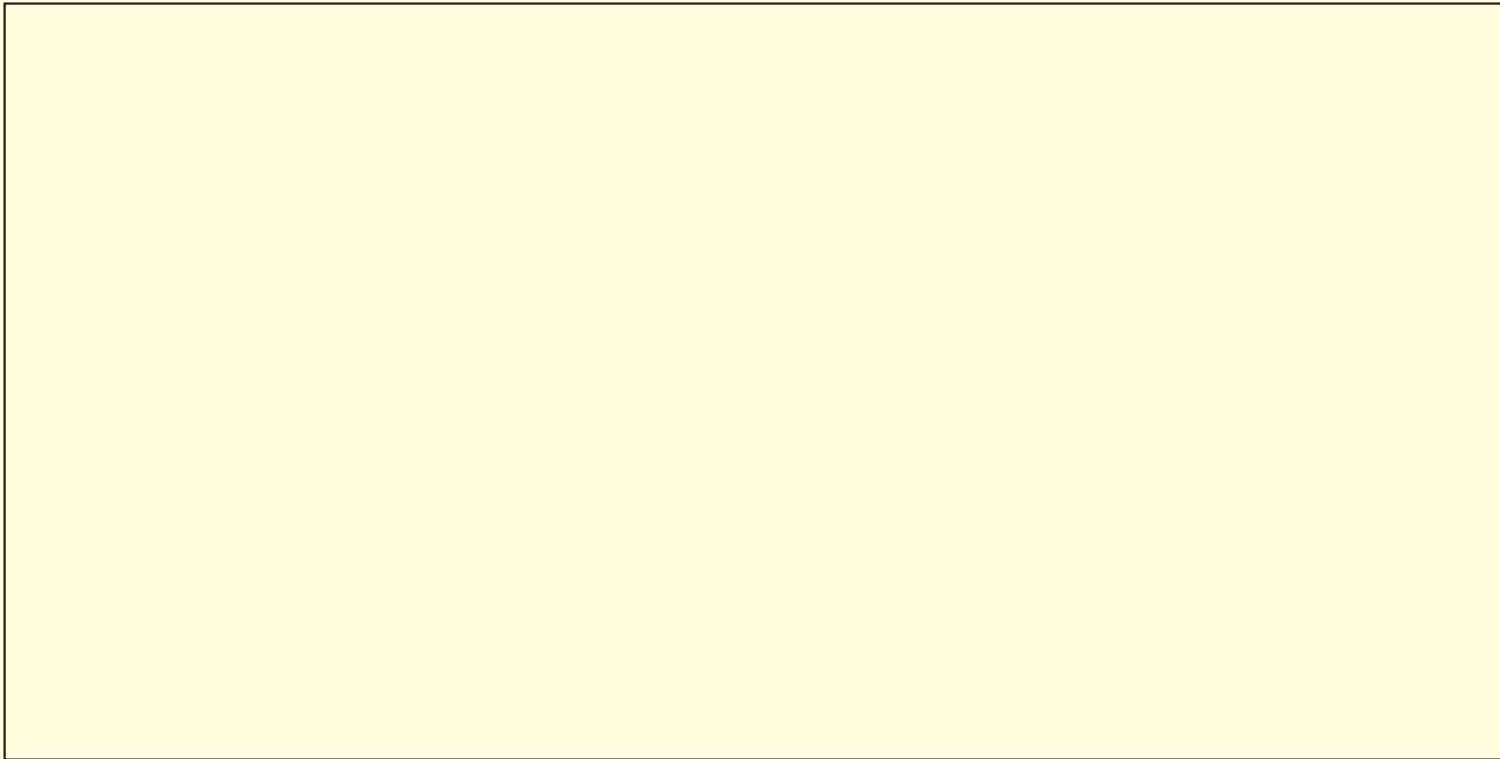


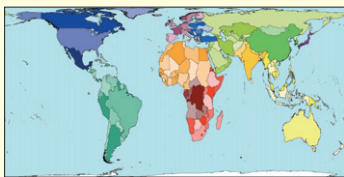
Households



This is a map of the estimated number of households in the world. A household is a social grouping, often a family, that eats together or shares a living space. The number of households per territory varies as a result of the population size and the household size. The fewer households there are per 100 people, the bigger the size of the average household.

The largest households, on average with 7.7 people living in them, are in Iraq. The region with the largest household size is Central Africa, where an average of 5 people live together. The larger a household the cheaper it is to live per person because amenities are shared.

Territory size shows the proportion of all households in the world that are found there.



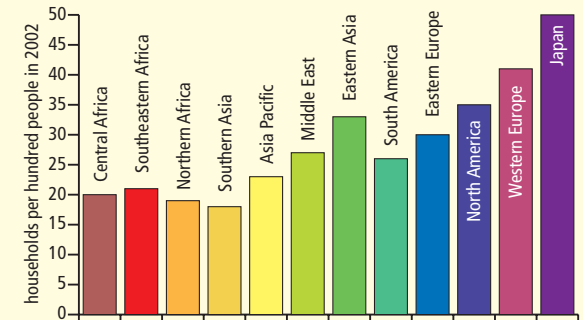
Land area

AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZES

Rank	Territory	Value	Rank	Territory	Value
33	Liechtenstein	2.7	191	Sudan	5.8
31	Bulgaria	2.7	191	Tajikistan	5.8
31	Latvia	2.7	193	Fiji	5.8
34	Russian Federation	2.8	194	Bahrain	5.9
55	Kazakhstan	3.4	195	Jordan	6.2
55	Chile	3.4	196	Solomon Islands	6.3
55	Israel	3.4	197	Yemen	6.7
62	Afghanistan	3.6	198	Pakistan	6.8
58	Islamic Republic of Iran	3.6	199	Equatorial Guinea	7.5
62	Syrian Arab Republic	3.6	200	Iraq	7.7

people per household in 2002*

HOUSEHOLDS PER HUNDRED PEOPLE



Technical notes

- Data are from the World Bank's 2005 World Development Indicators.
- *Areas with only regional estimates excluded from ranking.
- Crude estimates of people per household were made for the following regions: Japan, Eastern Asia, North America and Western Europe.
- See website for further information.

“Having fewer people in more households means using more resources and putting more stress on the environment. Freedom and privacy come at a huge environmental cost.”

Jianguo Lin, 2003